After a consideration of the matter in all its aspects, nment are pleased to sanction the two estimates aggre- g Rs. 3·14 lakhs referred to in para 2 for providing water ans of bore-wells and for improvement of the distribu- ystem in Chitaldrug Town, the cost being distributed en the Government and the Chitaldrug Town Munici- in the ratio of 3 : 1 as a special case. A loan will be d to the Chitaldrug Municipality to meet its share of penditure on the same conditions as before, *i.e.*, carrying st at 4½ per cent per annum and being repayable in 25 l instalments.

. Government also direct that the original estimate for y of water to Chitaldrug Town from the Kathral Tank sed with a net outlay of Rs. 1·75 lakhs as recommended e Chief Engineer for Irrigation, Government bearing 31 lakhs of the expenditure and the Municipality 44 lakhs in the above ratio of 3 : 1.

. The amount booked under the loan account of the ldrug Town Municipality stands at Rs. 59,000 as against unicipality's share of expenditure of Rs. 44,000 under athral scheme. Government direct that credit may, ore, be afforded to the Municipality to the extent of ,000 under the new scheme, thus reducing the present of the Municipality from Rs. 78,500 to Rs. 63,000 and the Government share of the cost amounting to 51 lakhs be met from the provision made in the State t for 1947-48 under "30 Grants—2 Improvement of Supply to Towns".

The Chief Engineer for Irrigation and the Deputy issioner, Chitaldrug, will take all necessary further in the matter immediately.

Government further observe in this connection that ntribution from the Municipalities for such schemes be at least as much as the Government contribution ıly in exceptional cases, Government would bear more ıalf the expenditure, the present instance being treated ecial case.

SYED ABDUL ALEEM, *Rev. Secy.*

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

ews the report on the working of the Department of Textiles for the year 1946-47.

espondence ending with letter No. B. 326, dated 7th January 1948, Additional Director of Industries and Commerce (Textiles) in forwarding the report on the working of the Textiles Department ear ended the 30th June 1947.

ORDER NO. D. 5596-9—I. & C. 83-47-5, DATED BANGALORE, THE 24TH APRIL 1948.

corded.

General.—The Administration of the Department ed to vest in the Director of Textiles till February, hen the post was abolished and the administrative of the Department was transferred to the Director of ies and Commerce. Two posts of Assistant Directors les were sanctioned—one for looking after the hand- roduction of cotton and silk goods and the other for after the technical side of the development of all including woollen goods.

Cotton Textiles Section.—This Section originally ed of 30 Yarn Depots and 9 Relief Centres, but under pansion Scheme sanctioned by Government during y 1946, the number of Depots and Relief Centres was ed to 60 and 10 respectively. Of these 50 Depots and lief Centres are reported to be working. For the ment and distribution of yarn, a separate institution he "Government Central Yarn and Cloth Depot" was hed and it distributed 2,178 bales of yarn, costing 24,600. A working capital of Rs. 5 lakhs has been d under the expansion scheme. The 50 Yarn Depots ring the year under review Rs. 7,63,800 worth of yarn.

4. *The Kolar Wool Spinning Centre.*—During the year under review the centre concentrated its attention on the manufacture of Druggets, pile carpets, kamblies, woollen coatings, etc., and also participated in some exhibitions held in and outside the State. The value of woollen and cotton fabrics produced and the value of goods sold amounted to Rs. 16,248 and Rs. 13,225, respectively.

5. *The Badanval Spinning Circle.*—With a view to meeting the growing needs of the centre, the working capital was enhanced from Rs. 1,00,000 to Rs. 1,80,000, but it is reported that full use could not be made of this amount, as many of the weavers had given up 'Khadi' weaving and taken to mill yarn weaving owing to it being more remunerative. Hence there was a great fall in the production of "Khadi". The Badanval Spinning Centre and its branches, however, did useful work in connection with the organisation and administration of Relief Spinning and Weaving Centres in the Chitaldrug and the Shimoga Districts. The total production of yarn and Khadi at the centre was 17,702 lbs. valued at Rs. 36,606 and 19,193 lbs. valued at Rs. 70,337, respectively. The value of Khadi sold amounted to Rs. 1,12,300. Certain Post-War Schemes for the development of the Khadi industry are under the consideration of Government.

6. *The Government Silk Weaving Factory.*—It is reported that 1,68,761 (95,124) yards of silk of various qualities and designs were produced during the year under review and the sales amounted to Rs. 13,45,317 (Rs. 14,16,367). The working of the Factory resulted in a net profit of Rs. 1,92,254 (2,05,590) during the year. Consequent on the cessation of the war and the removal of control over silk, the prices of the raw silk dropped considerably and the factory had to reduce its selling price. Under the post-war expansion scheme a sum of Rs. 6 lakhs has been sanctioned for the expansion of the Factory and negotiations for the purchase of the machinery are under way.

7. *The Government Dye House.*—The total quantity of yarn dyed during the year was 58,310 lbs. (45,500 lbs.) and the total profits realised amounted to Rs. 36,287 (23.607).

8. The working of the Department was generally satisfactory.

C. E. NORONHA, *Dev. Secy.*

EDUCATION SECRETARIAT

Issues orders in the matter of the Re-classification of appointments in view of the revision of the scales of pay of officials in the subordinate superior services of Government.

READ—

Official Memorandum No. 2267-2366—C.R.B. 7-35-1, dated 12th October 1935, issuing instructions in regard to temporary interim arrangements to be made in vacancies for which approved lists are issued.

2. Government Order No. E. 1304-84—R. & P. S. 26-44-7, dated 18th September 1945, issuing orders about the re-classification of appointments in the subordinate superior services of Government.

3. Government Order No. E. 5161-243—R. & P. S. 40-45-5, dated 28th February 1946, issuing certain modification to the classification of Class I and Class II appointments.

4. Government Order No. E. 6700-766—R. & P. S. 51-45-2, dated 1st May 1946, directing that if duly qualified candidates of the backward communities are not available from the approved list or even locally, for appointment in Class II Special vacancies, backward community candidates possessing the S.S.L.C. course qualification and assigned to the unit in Class III-B list of similar kind of appointments may be appointed for a period of one year.

5. Government Order No. E. 3606-67—Edn. 60-46-17, dated 9th November 1946, directing that candidates of backward communities with S. S. L. C. course qualification, be appointed temporarily in special vacancies in the New Type Middle Schools.

6. Government Order No. E. 4806-07—Edn. 60-46-28, dated 3rd January 1947, directing that candidates of the backward communities who have successfully undergone V Form or II Year course of the High School, be appointed in special vacancies of teachers in Middle Schools as a temporary measure.

7. Government Order No. Fl. 1865-1925—S. & A. 25-47-3, dated 6th September 1947, sanctioning the revision of scales of pay of certain classes of non-gazetted establishments of all Departments.

8. Government Order No. Fl. 2010-70—S. & A. 25-47-6, dated 21st September 1947, sanctioning the revision of scales of pay of the non-gazetted employees in the several departments of Government.

9. Government Order No. E. 4545-4618—R. & P. S. 37-47-2, dated 22nd December 1947, issuing orders *re* the allocation of officials in the revised scales of pay.

10. Letter No. 3592, dated 18th December 1947, from the Public Service Commissioner, stating that in view of the revision of the scales of pay, the existing three classes of appointments in the non-gazetted service, may be re-classified as indicated below:—

Class of appointments	*Minimum qualification required*
I. Appointments on a fixed pay of Rs. 60 and above and those in progressive scales, the minimum pay of which is Rs. 60 and above.	A degree of the Mysore University or of any other recognised University.
II. Appointments on a fixed pay of Rs. 40 but less than Rs. 60 and those in progressive scales, the minimum pay of which is Rs. 40 and above and the maximum up to Rs. 100 inclusive.	S.S.L.C. examination or any other equivalent examination.
III. Appointments on a fixed pay of less than Rs. 40 and those in progressive scales, the minimum pay of which is less than Rs. 40 and the maximum less than Rs. 80.	A pass in the Middle School examination.

ORDER NO. E. 8879-952—R. & P. S. 63-47-2, DATED BANGALORE, THE 30TH APRIL 1948.

The present proposal of the Public Service Commissioner in regard to the classification of appointments and the minimum qualification required is approved. The Government Orders prescribing specific qualifications for certain classes and categories of appointments including technical ones, will also remain in force. The first class appointments should as usual be classified into direct recruitment and promotion in the ratio of 2 : 1. In the absence of qualified candidates of the backward communities, special vacancies in Classes I and II, should continue to be filled up by appointing S. S. L. C.'s and S.S.L.C. Course or V Form or High School II Year course candidates of the backward communities, respectively, as per Official Memorandum dated 12th October 1935 and Government Orders dated 1st May 1946, 9th November 1946, 3rd January 1947 and 22nd December 1947, read above. Similarly, backward community candidates with M. S. course qualification will be appointed in special vacancies of Class III series, in the absence of qualified candidates of the backward communities. All such appointments made should be promptly reported to the Public Service Commissioner. The backward community candidates thus appointed should be given all the benefits of the appointments to which they are recruited.

A. C. NIRVANI GOWDA, *Edn. Secy.*

FINANCIAL SECRETARIAT

Directs the grant of Advance for repair of houses ow Government employees not exceeding six months' p

ORDER NO. FL. 7331-7400—G. F. 231-47-1, DATED BANGALORE, 5TH MAY 1948.

Under the existing rules, advances for purchase construction of houses are granted to Government servants to certain conditions. Government consider that facilities should be offered for repair of houses ow Government employees and they are accordingly ple lay down the following rules:—

(*a*) An advance not exceeding six months' pay granted for extension or improvement to a house own Government servant, subject to the conditions spec Article 161.

(*b*) Not more than one advance will be given officer during his entire service.

(*c*) Interest will be charged at 4 per cent per an

(*d*) Advances will be adjusted by monthly ded of one-quarter pay besides interest on the amount.

(*e*) No advance under this rule shall be r respect of a house constructed or purchased out c advanced by Government until the previous advance h re-paid out of deductions from the officer's salary in th monthly instalments.

The Comptroller to Government is requested t necessary amendment to the Mysore Civil Accoun Volume I.

M. SHAMANNA, *Finl. Se*

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